
INTERNATIONAL STANDARD**1592**

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION • МЕЖДУНАРОДНАЯ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЯ ПО СТАНДАРТИЗАЦИИ • ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

Urea for industrial use — Determination of nitrogen content — Titrimetric method after distillation

Urée à usage industriel — Dosage de l'azote — Méthode titrimétrique après distillation

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FOREWORD

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards institutes (ISO member bodies). The work of developing International Standards is carried out through ISO technical committees. Every member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been set up has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council.

Prior to 1972, the results of the work of the technical committees were published as ISO Recommendations; these documents are in the process of being transformed into International Standards. As part of this process, Technical Committee ISO/TC 47, *Chemistry*, has reviewed ISO Recommendation R 1592-1970 and found it technically suitable for transformation. International Standard ISO 1592 therefore replaces ISO Recommendation R 1592-1970, to which it is technically identical.

ISO Recommendation R 1592 had been approved by the member bodies of the following countries :

Australia	Hungary	Romania
Austria	India	South Africa, Rep. of
Belgium	Iran	Spain
Brazil	Israel	Sweden
Canada	Italy	Switzerland
Czechoslovakia	Netherlands	Thailand
Egypt, Arab Rep. of	New Zealand	Turkey
France	Peru	U.S.S.R.
Germany	Poland	Yugoslavia
Greece	Portugal	

The member body of the following country had expressed disapproval of the Recommendation on technical grounds :

United Kingdom

The member body of the United Kingdom also disapproved the transformation of the Recommendation into an International Standard.